

WELLNESS ╗┨╗╙┖╡╎

... FOR THE HEALTH AND WELL-BEING OF YOU AND YOUR FAMILY



Nutrition labels are intended to provide us (the consumer) with a better understanding of the food we eat. However, the food label has not been revised since its introduction in 1994, even though our dietary habits have certainly changed. With the new proposed labeling system, there are some positive changes that will be helpful to the consumer, but the system is still not perfect.

Do you read food labels? What part of the label is most important to you and why?



WHAT DOES IT ALL MEAN?

Calories – Since controlling calories is an important part of regulating weight, the larger printing of calories will help make this more explicit.

Also, the calories will be more sitting-based and not serving-based. For instance, if the entire package can be consumed in a single sitting (e.g. a candy bar), the total calories of the entire package will be displayed.

Sugar – Higher sugar intake is connected with diabetes, high blood pressure, and weight gain, as well as a myriad of other health concerns. The new label will show which sugars are naturally occurring versus any that are added.

<u>Nutrients</u> – Potassium, vitamin D, calcium, and iron are displayed more prominently. These nutrients are often deficient in the average person, so they can be targeted for intake.

Daily Values – We can more easily see the percent of the daily intake comprised in a serving.





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FOOD FOR THOUGHT

Although the new food label changes are positive overall, there are still some areas that have not yet been addressed within the food label:

- Trans Fat If the amount falls below a certain minimum level in the ingredients, the food company does not need to report it on the label. Look for the words "hydrogenated oils" in the ingredients.
- Sweet Surprise Although sugars are featured more prominently, equally troublesome sweeteners, like highfructose corn syrup, are still more obscure and must be sought out in the ingredient list.
- Odd Priority While fat (which is a vital nutrient in smaller amounts) is given a full treatment on the label, chemical additives, preservatives, colorings, and flavors like MSG are still buried in the ingredients list.



RESOURCES	
www.fda.gov	
www.webmd.com	
www.chekinstitute.com	
For More Information visit www.WellnessCoachesUSA.com	

FOOD LABELS AND YOUR HEALTH

Depending on your own health concerns or interests, different areas of the label may have a greater impact on your choice to purchase the food.

Condition to Prevent	Ingredients to Avoid/Minimize
High Blood Pressure	Sodium, MSG, sugar
Diabetes	Sugar, carbohydrates, corn syrup, and foods labeled as 'low fat,' which often have added sugar
IBS/Celiac Disease	Gluten, wheat flour, dairy, processed foods (lots of ingredients)
Weight loss	All of the above, plus monitoring trans fat levels (zero per day), and avoiding foods with ingredients that you cannot pronounce
Stress	Caffeine, sugar, MSG, and the same foods listed under weight loss

Where would you find each of the ingredients on the label below?

Amount Per Serving		
Calories 150	Calories fro	om Fat 70
	% Dai	ily Value'
Total Fat 8g		12%
Saturated Fat 2g		10%
Trans Fat 0g		
Polyunsaturated Fa		
Monounsaturated F	at 2g	
Cholesterol Omg		0%
Sodium 230mg	- 10-	9%
Total Carbohydrat		6% 3%
Dietary Fiber less th Sugars 0g	ian ig	3%
Protein 2g		
Protein 2g	-	-
Vitamin A 6% • Vitamin C 09	% • Calcium 0	% • Iron 8%
 Percent Daily Values are based o values may be higher or lower de 		
Caloriae	650	80g 25g
Catories Total Fat Less than Sat. Fat Less than Cholesterol Less than Sodium Less than Total Carbohydrate Dietary Fiber	200 300mg 2,400mg 300g 25g	300mg 2,400mg 375g 30g